

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Jump Start® Starting Fluid with Lubricity

Other means of identification

Product code 75671

Recommended use Starting fluid **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Canada Co.
Address 2-1246 Lorimar Dr.

Mississauga, Ontario L5S 1R2

Canada

Telephone 905-670-2291
Website www.crc-canada.ca

E-mail Support.CA@crcindustries.com

Emergency phone number 24-Hour Emergency 80

24-Hour Emergency 800-424-9300 (Canada) (CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (International)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Gases under pressure Compressed gas

Health hazards Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 3

Category 1

long-term hazard

Label elements

Environmental hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Response IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON

SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or

concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		426260-76-6	65 - 85
diethyl ether		60-29-7	10 - 30
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	5 - 10
ethanol		64-17-5	< 1.5
chloroethane		75-00-3	0.1 - 1
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	0.1 - 1

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get

medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eve contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Specific methods

media

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	264 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	1520 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
	TWA	1210 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Vapor.
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1880 mg/m3	
- /		1000 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value Form	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	15000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
liethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), nydrotreated light (CAS 54742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3 Non-aeros	ol.
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217			
Components	Туре	Value	
arbon dioxide (CAS 24-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
liethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of	Exposure to Biological or Ch	emical Agents)	
Components	Туре	Value	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
·	TWA	5000 ppm	
chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
liethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)	STEL	500 ppm	
	TWA	400 ppm	
ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry o	f Labor - Regulation Respecti	ng the Quality of the Work Environment)	
Components	Туре	Value	
carbon dioxide (CAS	STEL	Value 54000 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS			
carbon dioxide (CAS		54000 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS	STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 24-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	STEL TWA TWA	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	STEL TWA TWA	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm 1520 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	STEL TWA TWA STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm 1520 mg/m3 500 ppm 1210 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	STEL TWA TWA STEL	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm 1520 mg/m3 500 ppm	
Components Carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Chethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) Clistillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	STEL TWA TWA STEL TWA	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm 1520 mg/m3 500 ppm 1210 mg/m3 400 ppm 1590 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS	STEL TWA TWA STEL TWA	54000 mg/m3 30000 ppm 9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm 2640 mg/m3 1000 ppm 1520 mg/m3 500 ppm 1210 mg/m3 400 ppm	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS

64742-47-8)

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS

64742-47-8)

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin. distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-47-8)

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Butyl rubber. Hand protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a Respiratory protection

NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained

breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Aerosol. Colorless. Color

Odor Hydrocarbon-like. Odor threshold Not available. Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -189.9 °F (-123.3 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 94.3 °F (34.6 °C) estimated

range

< 20 °F (< -6.7 °C) Tag Closed Cup Flash point

Evaporation rate Fast

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower

0.5 % estimated

Flammability limit - upper

36.5 % estimated

(%)

Vapor pressure 5024.7 hPa estimated

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.7

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Slightly soluble. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

320 °F (160 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

< 20 cSt (104 °F (40 °C))

Other information

Percent volatile 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides. Acrid smoke.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

ProductSpeciesTest ResultsJump Start® Starting Fluid with Lubricity

Acute Dermal

ATEmix 2039.8697 mg/kg

Oral

ATEmix 3333.1111 mg/kg

Components Species Test Results

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)

<u>Acute</u>

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 32000 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 3230 - 3920 mg/kg

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 5.2 mg/l, 4 hours

Material name: Jump Start® Starting Fluid with Lubricity 75671 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-08-2017

SDS CANADA

Components **Species Test Results**

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 20 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 8000 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6.2 g/kg

heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Rat LC50 > 60 mg/l, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Suspected of causing cancer. Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard**

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components **Species Test Results**

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2560 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Test Results Components **Species**

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Acute

EC50 Crustacea Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.1 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 3 mg/l, 96 hours

ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Aquatic Acute

EC50 Crustacea Water flea (Daphnia magna) 7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

heptane, branched, cyclic and linear (CAS 426260-76-6)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)

1.5 mg/l, 48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

chloroethane 1.43 diethyl ether 0.89 ethanol -0.31

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Empty container can be recycled. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

Not regulated.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number

UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. Packing group

Environmental hazards No.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions

IATA

UN1950 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards No. **ERG Code** 10L

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name

AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2

Subsidiary risk -

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No.

EmS Not available.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

Precursor Control Regulations

diethyl ether (CAS 60-29-7) Class B

Not established.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) Listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 06-08-2017

Version # 01

Disclaimer The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not

be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety

professional, or CRC Canada Co..